

Weqas

GLOBAL PROVIDER OF QUALITY
IN DIAGNOSTIC MEDICINE



BROCHURE





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Director's Profile

Annette Thomas is a Consultant Clinical Biochemist at Cardiff and Vale University Health Board with over 40 years' experience in Laboratory Medicine, 20 years of which has been as Director of Weqas.

Annette is also the national clinical lead for POCT representing POCT in Welsh Government advisory Committees and chairs the POCT Strategic Board and POCT Co-ordinators Network in Wales.

She is a member of the International Federation of Clinical Chemistry and Laboratory Medicine (IFCC) Task Force on Global Lab Quality (TF-GLQ) and past chair of the Committee on Analytical Quality (C-AQ).

She has previously held posts on the Executive Board of the European Committee for External Quality Assurance Programmes in Laboratory Medicine (EQALM), chair of the All Wales Clinical Biochemistry Group (ACB), chair of the National Clinical Biochemistry and Laboratory Medicine Audit Committee in the UK, a member of the Association of Clinical Biochemistry and Laboratory Medicine Scientific Committee and a member of the Royal College of Pathologists Scientific Advisory Committee on Clinical Biochemistry.



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About Us

Established in 1968, Weqas is one of the largest External Quality Assessment providers in the UK, with over 50 years of experience in delivering global Quality Assurance Programmes in Laboratory Medicine.

Weqas is a “not for profit” NHS organisation hosted by Cardiff and Vale University Health Board, based in Cardiff, UK.

Weqas provides over 50 EQA Programmes, including external audit, performance analysis and an educational advisory service and employs an expert team of scientists delivering services in Laboratory EQA, Point of Care (POCT) EQA, Reference Measurement service, Internal Quality Control (IQC) Production and Education and Training.

Our programmes are underpinned by commutable, metrological, traceable samples and informative reports. Our range of Web-based reporting options cater for the Laboratory Manager, the Laboratory Scientist and the POCT end user. Our team of experienced Scientists and POCT Co-ordinators provide a unique troubleshooting and problem solving service to our clients.

GLOBAL PROVIDER OF QUALITY IN DIAGNOSTIC MEDICINE



4301



4301

Laboratory and Point of Care EQA Services

Supplying to more than 35,000 sites per month, Weqas provides over 50 EQA Programmes. As well as Healthcare pathology laboratories, these services are also provided to independent pharmacies, primary care physicians, occupational health providers, forensic pathology services, veterinary pathology laboratories, clinical trial units and diagnostic companies. Weqas EQA services (4301) are accredited in accordance with the International Standard-General Requirements for Proficiency Testing (ISO/IEC 17043).

Third Party Control (IQC)

Weqas also provides independent third party IQC and Quality Control Reference Material (QCRM) for a range of analytes. Targeted at clinically relevant concentrations, these products, along with our other services, provide the necessary tools to achieve compliance to ISO 15189. Unbiased, accurate and independent controls are available for assuring the quality of your test items. Weqas IQC are designed and tailored to your specific requirements by a team of Scientists with over 20 years experience in manufacturing.

Our IQC and Quality Control Reference Material (QCRM) are registered with the UK Medicine and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA) and conform to the Medical Devices Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 618, as amended) (UKMDR2002).

Reference Measurement Services

The Weqas Reference Laboratory is a Joint Committee on Traceability in Laboratory Medicine (JCTLM) listed Reference Measurement Service Provider. JCTLM is a European Network of highly specialist laboratories providing accurate target value assignment of clinical material to assist in the global harmonisation of Pathology results. This is the only laboratory currently in the UK providing this service. Weqas also contributes to Standard reference Material (SRM) value assignment in conjunction with the Joint Research Centre (JRC) . The Reference Laboratory is accredited to the International Standard – General requirements for competence of Calibration and Testing Laboratories (ISO/ IEC 17025) and in accordance with Laboratory medicine – Requirements for the competence of calibration laboratories using reference measurement procedures (ISO/IEC 15195). This service is available to IVD manufacturers, Quality Control manufacturers, EQA providers and Clinical Laboratories.

Education and Training

With changing technologies, techniques and patient care delivery models, there is a pressing need to ensure there is a focus within education and training programmes for standardisation of analyses, error reporting, poor performance and laboratory accreditation. Education workshops, e-learning and presentations can be tailored to our clients needs.

Benefits

- Accredited to ISO 17043, and 17025 in accordance to 15195.
- Web based interactive EQA programmes.
- 40 years of clinical expertise.
- Reference Measurement Laboratory for traceability.

Features

- Wide range of accredited EQA Programmes for Laboratory and Point of Care Diagnostic Medicine.
- Products designed to reflect actual patient samples; endogenous, single donors and pooled donor samples distributed to cover the complete clinical range.
- Liquid stable, commutable, linear, traceable samples designed to cover the cut-off, analytical, pathological and clinical decision levels.
- Reference Measurement Value Assignment for Laboratories, EQA Providers and IVD Manufacturers.

The Weqas team is supported by a Steering Committee which advises the organisers on the overall operation of its programmes, including the frequency of distribution of materials, the types of materials to be distributed, methods of statistical analysis, data presentation, and the desirability of introducing new investigations.

More information on the Steering Committee including members' profiles can be found on our website:

www.weqas.com

EQA

Programmes

Weqas is an ISO 17043 accredited proficiency testing provider (number 4301), offering a range of EQA programmes for Laboratory Medicine. Weqas offers a visibly different, high quality, clinical and science-based service to support laboratories in maintaining ISO 15189, underpinned by commutable, metrological, traceable samples and informative reports.

For a complete list of all our EQA Programmes and analytes, please see our Quick Guide on page 38-45.

In a recent article on EQA best practice, the following factors were identified as core factors for laboratories in their choice of EQA provider:

*Factors influencing choice of EQA provider - Why Weqas?

Accreditation status	Weqas accredited to ISO 17043.
Clinically relevant distribution frequency	Where EQA is used to assess IVDs, a minimum of 6 distributions p.a. is advisable (BS EN 14136). Apart from rare diseases, Weqas' programmes are bimonthly as a minimum. For core tests, the distribution (or challenge) frequency is monthly.
Clinically relevant range and number of samples	Weqas provides "blinded", commutable samples wherever possible with additional challenging samples and linear panels to assess method linearity, specificity and sensitivity.
Clinically relevant performance specification	Weqas uses Milan Model 2 performance specification whenever appropriate: based on biological variation data.
Programme designed and overseen by appropriately competent professionals	Weqas' Director has over 40 years experience in Laboratory Medicine and is supported by a team of Clinical Scientists and an Independent Scientific Advisory group.
Education	Training and helpline support. Pre-analytical, Analytical and Post-analytical education.
Reporting to Professional body / Regulatory body	Reporting to professional body within the UK, with mechanisms in place for identification and reporting of persistent poor performance issues.
Post-marketing surveillance	Weqas liaises with laboratories, manufacturers, professional bodies, regulatory and competent authorities.
Independent	Weqas is a "not for profit" NHS organisation and is not affiliated to an IVD manufacturer.

*James D, Ames D, Lopez B, et al. External Quality Assessment : Best practice. J Clin Pathol 2014;67:651.





Laboratory EQA

Serum Chemistry

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 4 (3.0 mL) or 4 (1.0 mL)

Material: Off the clot human serum

Key features: Liquid human serum samples requiring no prior preparation. Samples consist of a panel of 8 linearly related samples distributed on a number of occasions over that period which are used to assess both laboratory and method performance, including linearity, bias, within and between batch imprecision. Trueness is also assessed for a number of analytes using high metrological order Reference measurement systems.

Traceable Reference Values provided for electrolytes and metabolites. Includes calculated parameters.

Additional challenging samples distributed to assess diagnostic accuracy near the cut points, method interferences and for educational purposes. Sigma metric scoring based on clinically relevant Milan Model 2 performance specification.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Sodium	100 – 165 mmol/L
Potassium	1.6 – 8.0 mmol/L
Chloride	73 – 123 mmol/L
Bicarbonate	7 – 28 mmol/L
Urea	1.5 – 25 mmol/L
Creatinine	25 – 600 µmol/L
e-GFR	<15 – >90 mLs/min/1.73m ²
Glucose	1.4 – 25 mmol/L
Calcium	1.2 – 3.3 mmol/L
Adjusted Calcium	1.4 – 3.0 mmol/L
Phosphate	0.2 – 2.2 mmol/L
Total Protein	34 – 86 g/L
Albumin	20 – 53 g/L
Calculated Globulin	20 – 40 g/L
Magnesium	0.2 – 2.0 mmol/L
Urate	100 – 700 µmol/L
Lithium	0.05 – 2.0 mmol/L
Lipase	10 – 400 IU/L
Osmolality	190 – 390 mOsmo/kg
AST	5 – 300 IU/L IFCC
ALT	5 – 500 IU/L IFCC
ALP	25 – 400 IU/L SCE
CK	20 – 1200 IU/L SCE
Gamma GT	10 – 400 IU/L SCE
Total Amylase	15 – 800 IU/L
Pancreatic Amylase	20 – 160 IU/L
LDH	50 – 700 IU/L SCE
Iron	7 – 30 µmol/L
TIBC	28 – 82 µmol/L
Transferrin	1.5 – 3.5 g/L
Transferrin Saturation	22 – 30 %
Gentamicin	1 – 8 µg/mL

HIL Serum Indices

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 3 (1.0 mL)

Material: Off the clot human serum

Key features: Liquid human serum samples with known concentration of haemoglobin, bilirubin and triglyceride added to assess performance of haemolysis, icteric and lipaemic indices on all major platforms. Caters for both quantitative and qualitative results.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Semi-Quantitative Haemolysis Index	0 – 3.5 g/L as Hb
Semi-Quantitative Icterus Index	0 – 500 µmol/L as Total Bilirubin
Semi-Quantitative Lipaemic Index	0 – 10 mmol/L as Intralipid Triglyceride
Qualitative Haemolysis Index	Negative to +++ Positive
Qualitative Icterus Index	Negative to +++ Positive
Qualitative Lipaemic Index	Negative to +++ Positive

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered	
Cholesterol	2.5 – 9.5	mmol/L
Triglyceride	0.3 – 7.0	mmol/L
HDL Cholesterol	0.6 – 2.5	mmol/L
LDL Cholesterol	1.0 – 6.0	mmol/L
Apolipoprotein A1	0.8 – 2.4	g/L
Apolipoprotein B	0.3 – 2.0	g/L
Lipoprotein (a)	5 – 300	nmol/L
Non-HDL Cholesterol	1.5 – 6.5	mmol/L

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered	
Total Bilirubin	30 – 350	µmol/L
Conjugated Bilirubin	10 – 100	µmol/L

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered	
Salicylate	0 – 800	mg/L
Paracetamol	0 – 350	mg/L
Ethanol	0 – 4500	mg/L
*Ethylene Glycol	0 – 3000	mg/L
*Methanol	0 – 2500	mg/L
Whole Blood Ethanol	0 – 4500	mg/L

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered	
hsTroponin I (hs-cTnI)	1 – 300	ng/L
hsTroponin T (hs-cTnT)	4 – 200	ng/L

Lipids

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 4 (1.0 mL)

Material: Off the clot human serum

Key features: Liquid human serum samples requiring no prior preparation. Commutable single or pooled donor samples. Lipid profile includes all routinely monitored analytes and calculated parameters. Programme assesses both laboratory and method performance, including bias, within and between batch imprecision. Trueness is also assessed for a number of analytes using high metrological order Reference measurement systems. IDGCMS and CDC reference values provided for Cholesterol, Triglyceride and HDL. Sigma metric scoring based on clinically relevant Milan Model 2 performance specification.

Bilirubin

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 4 (1.0 mL)

Material: Off the clot human serum

Key features: Liquid human serum samples. Panel of samples covering the pathological range for both conjugated and total bilirubin in neonates and adults. Samples assess both laboratory and method performance, including linearity, bias, within and between batch imprecision. Suitable for Laboratory analysers, Blood Gas analysers and POCT devices.

ED Toxicology

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 4 (1.0 mL)
4 (0.5 mL) Whole Blood Ethanol

Material: Off the clot human serum and whole blood

Key features: Liquid human serum samples. Linearly related panel covering the analytical and Toxic pathological range. Samples assess both laboratory and method performance, including linearity, bias, within and between batch imprecision. Challenging samples at clinically relevant cut-off concentrations.

hsTroponin

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 3 (1.0 mL)

Material: Off the clot human serum

Key features: Includes challenging samples at limits of detection and diagnostic “99th centile” for hs TnT and TnI. Liquid human serum samples require no pre-analytical preparation. Linearly related panel covering a clinically relevant range.

* Not Accredited

Urine Chemistry

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 3 (2.5 mL) + 3 (0.5 mL) acidified

Material: Fresh filtered human urine

Key features: Fresh endogenous and spiked urine samples distributed. Separate 1mL acidified samples supplied for Calcium, Magnesium and Phosphate for enhanced stability. Samples assess both laboratory and method performance, including linearity, bias, within and between batch imprecision.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Sodium	13 – 200 mmol/L
Potassium	9 – 137 mmol/L
Chloride	13 – 300 mmol/L
Urea	38 – 500 mmol/L
Creatinine	1.0 – 22 mmol/L
Glucose	0 – 40 mmol/L
Calcium	0.5 – 7.0 mmol/L
Phosphate	6 – 35 mmol/L
Protein	0 – 2 g/L
Albumin	0 – 2000 mg/L
Magnesium	0.5 – 8.5 mmol/L
Urate	0.5 – 5.0 mmol/L
Osmolality	100 – 1000 mmol/kg
Total Amylase	0 – 400 IU/L
Albumin/Creatinine ratio	0 – 200 mg/mmol
Protein/Creatinine ratio	0 – 300 mg/mmol

Endocrine

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 4 (1.8 mL)

Material: Off the clot human serum

Key features: Liquid human serum samples requiring no prior preparation. Single donor samples are used wherever possible to minimise any matrix effects. Programme assesses both laboratory and method performance, including bias, within and between batch imprecision. Trueness is also assessed for Testosterone, Cortisol and Progesterone using high metrological order Reference measurement systems. Challenging samples are distributed to assess the performance at clinical decision points as well as ongoing programme of interpretative exercises, Macroprolactin and antibody interferences. Includes Calculated parameters.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Cortisol	60 – 1450 nmol/L
Progesterone	1.0 – 100 nmol/L
Oestradiol	37 – 16000 pmol/L
Testosterone	0.1 – 60 nmol/L
Free Testosterone	0 – 2 mol/L
SHBG	20 – 100 nmol/L
FAI	0 – 150 %
DHEA-S	0 – 100 µmol/L
T4	64 – 280 nmol/L
T3	1.5 – 12 nmol/L
FT4	8 – 50 pmol/L
FT3	3.0 – 40 pmol/L
TSH	0.1 – 55 mU/L
LH	2 – 80 IU/L
FSH	0.8 – 100 IU/L
Prolactin	48 – 800 mU/L

Haematinics

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 4 (1.0 mL)

Material: Off the clot human serum

Key features: Liquid human serum samples requiring no prior preparation. Commutable, endogenous samples, covering the physiological and pathological range with additional spiked samples to cover “toxic” range for Iron. Programme assesses both laboratory and method performance, including bias, within and between batch imprecision.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Ferritin	5 – 3500 µg/L
B12	120 – 850 ng/L
Active B12	0 – 300 pmol/L
Folate	1.2 – 24 µg/L
Iron	4 – 160 µmol/L
TIBC	27 – 90 µmol/L
UIBC	3 – 100 µmol/L
Transferrin	1.6 – 4 g/L
Transferrin Saturation	10 – 90 %

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered	
pH	7.0 – 7.7	
H ⁺	20 – 100	nmol/L
pCO ₂	2 – 10	kPa
pO ₂	4 – 25	kPa
Actual Bicarbonate (aHCO ₃)	20 – 30	mmol/L
TCO ₂	15 – 35	mmol/L
Na ⁺	115 – 160	mmol/L
K ⁺	2 – 6	mmol/L
Cl	76 – 123	mmol/L
Magnesium	0.4 – 1.6	mmol/L
iCa ⁺⁺	0.2 – 1.8	mmol/L
Glucose	1.9 – 23.0	mmol/L
Lactate	0.3 – 6.5	mmol/L
Urea	2.8 – 25.0	mmol/L
Creatinine	30 – 560	µmol/L
Haematocrit (iStat only)	0 – 70	%PCV
Lithium	0.35 – 1.35	mmol/L
SBC (sHCO ₃)	20 – 30	mmol/L
BE	-5 to +5	
sO ₂	90 – 100	%

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered	
Total Haemoglobin	100 – 190	g/L
Carboxyhaemoglobin	1 – 32	%
Methaemoglobin	2 – 35	%
Oxyhaemoglobin	35 – 95	%

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered	
NT-Pro BNP	20 – 4000	ng/L

Blood Gas

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 3 (2.5 mL)

Material: Tonometered protein buffered aqueous solution and whole blood

Key features: Aqueous material minimises the risk of pre-analytical error sampling due to its protein foam layer. Wide clinical range covered over the course of the year. iCa⁺⁺ concentration is suitable for the evaluation of instruments used in the monitoring of patients on citrate anticoagulation for Continuous Renal Replacement Therapy (CRRT). Programme assesses both laboratory and method performance, including bias, within and between batch imprecision. Once a year, tonometered whole blood is distributed. This material has identical oxygen saturation characteristics to fresh whole blood and is used to provide an assessment of accuracy for pO₂ (especially at low pO₂) and in the evaluation of derived parameters (SBC, BE and Oxygen Saturation). The hemoglobin buffering in this material provides a 10-minute open ampule stability. Both materials are suitable for use for the majority of POCT and Laboratory analysers.

Co-oximetry

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 3 (2.0 mL)

Material: Bovine haemolysate solution

Key features: Packaged in an easy to use dual-chambered vial that separates the oxyhemoglobin from methemoglobin to enhance stability. Material contains the 4 major haemoglobin derivatives and unlike dyes has equivalent spectral properties and sensitivity to whole blood. Compatible with all major Co-oximeters. Panel covers clinically relevant ranges. Programme assesses both laboratory and method performance, including bias, within and between batch imprecision.

NT-Pro BNP

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 3 (0.5 mL)

Material: Human Plasma (EDTA / LiHep)

Key features: The base material for BNP is human EDTA plasma and for NT-Pro BNP Lithium Heparin plasma to correctly reflect the performance with patient samples. To enhance the range the plasma is spiked with recombinant human BNP-32 and NT-Pro BNP respectively with the addition of Protease inhibitors to improve stability. For BNP the samples are dispatched frozen. Surrogate, clinically appropriate linear panels suitable for both Laboratory and POCT analysers. Programme assesses both laboratory and method performance, including bias, within and between batch imprecision and linearity.

HbA1c

Frequency: Monthly / Bimonthly

Samples: 3 (0.2 mL) / 2 (0.2 mL) in bimonthly programme

Material: Fresh EDTA whole blood

Key features: Fresh EDTA whole blood from individual diabetic patients and healthy volunteers are distributed monthly/bimonthly. These samples reflect the wide range of HbA1c seen in the screening, diagnosis and monitoring of Diabetes. Challenging samples from patients with known Hb variants are also distributed to assess current practice. Programme assesses both laboratory and method performance, including bias, within and between batch imprecision. Trueness is assessed using the IFCC secondary reference methods with Sigma metric scoring based on clinically relevant Milan Model 1 performance specification. Additional samples are distributed annually as part of the European HbA1c Trial to assess the performance across all countries and all manufacturers. The full report is provided as part of the programme.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
^x HbA1c	32 – 85 mmol/mol Hb

^x IFCC and NGSP values assigned by the European Reference Laboratory for Glycohaemoglobin.

CRP

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 3 (0.5 mL)

Material: Off the clot human serum

Key features: Commutable, endogenous samples and samples spiked with a highly purified source of human CRP to provide extended range. Endogenous samples covers high sensitivity (hs) CRP methods for cardiovascular risk assessment and enhanced range panel covers CRP methods used as an inflammatory marker. Programme assesses both laboratory and method performance, including bias, within and between batch imprecision and linearity.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
CRP	0 – 300 mg/L

Porphyria

Frequency: Quarterly

Samples: 3 (4.2 mL) Urine
3 (1.5 mL) Plasma

Material: Fresh filtered human urine, EDTA plasma, faeces

Key features: Covers both Qualitative and Quantitative assays for Porphobilinogen, Total Urine Porphyrin and Plasma Porphyrins. Regular educational exercises include Interpretive comments, Audit and clinical case studies. Reference target value assignment, EDTA plasma patient samples, faecal samples and clinical case interpretation are provided by the Cardiff Porphyria Service. Challenging samples at or near diagnostic cut points distributed. Programme assesses both laboratory and method performance, including bias and within batch imprecision.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Porphobilinogen	0 – 170 µmol/L
PBG / Creatinine Ratio	0 – >30 µmol/mmol
Total Urine Porphyrin	0 – 4000 nmol/L
Quant TUP / Creat Ratio	0 – >500 nmol/mmol
Plasma porphyrin	8 – 300 nmol/L
Faecal porphyrin	35 – 700 nmol/g

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Total Bile Acids	5 – 108 $\mu\text{mol/L}$
Cholic Acid	0 – 83 $\mu\text{mol/L}$
Deoxycholic Acid	0 – 25 $\mu\text{mol/L}$

Bile Acids

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 3 (0.5 mL)

Material: Off the clot human serum

Key features: Panel of liquid human serum samples covering an appropriate range for the diagnosis and monitoring of Cholestasis in Pregnancy. Ratio of Bile Acids in the samples reflect both physiological levels and that observed in obstetric cholestasis. ID-GCMS target values available for individual Bile Acids, Cholic acid and Deoxycholic acid. Challenging samples are also distributed to assess specificity of the methods including those containing Chenodeoxycholic acid and Ursodeoxycholic, a dihydroxycholic bile acid used in the treatment of cholestatic disease. Programme assesses laboratory and method performance, including bias, within and between batch imprecision, linearity, trueness and specificity.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Ammonia	25 – 800 $\mu\text{mol/L}$

Ammonia

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 3 (0.5 mL)

Material: Off the clot human serum

Key features: A range of Ammonia samples are distributed covering both normal and pathological levels including those seen in urea cycle defects. Liquid human serum, commutable and compatible with all enzymatic methods assayed on laboratory analysers, dry slide chemistry analysers and POCT devices. Programme assesses laboratory and method performance, including bias, within and between batch imprecision and linearity.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Homocysteine	5 – 220 $\mu\text{mol/L}$

Homocysteine

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 3 (0.5 mL)

Material: Off the clot human serum

Key features: Liquid human serum samples with a range of concentrations found in both inborn errors and cardiovascular risk assessment. Endogenous samples along with a panel of linearly related samples produced from donations from healthy volunteers spiked with homocysteine. The linearly related samples are distributed on a number of occasions over the year to assess both laboratory and method performance, including linearity, bias, within and between batch imprecision.

Serum ACE

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 3 (0.5 mL)

Material: Off the clot human serum

Key feature: Commutable, single donor patient samples. Each donation is distributed on a number of occasions over the year to assess both laboratory and method performance, including bias, within and between batch imprecision.

Urine Oxalate & Citrate

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 3 (2.5 mL)

Material: Filtered and acidified human urine

Key features: This programme is designed to span the analytical and clinically relevant range for the diagnosis and management of hyperoxaluria and hypocitraturia. The linearly related samples are distributed on a number of occasions over the year to assess both laboratory and method performance, including linearity, bias, within and between batch imprecision.

Pregnancy Testing

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 3 (1.0 mL)

Material: Filtered urine from pregnant and non-pregnant volunteers, off the clot human serum

Key features: Suitable for manual or automated lateral flow methods. Increased volume dispensed into wide neck tubes available for those using lateral flow dip stick assays. Participants can submit both quantitative and qualitative results. Challenging samples at or near lower limits of detection/Ag excess to assess sensitivity and Hook effect. Programme assess both laboratory and method performance, including, sensitivity, interferences, bias, within and between batch imprecision.

Renal Calculi*

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 4 (100-150 mg)

Material: Dry powdered chemical or ground human calculi

Key features: Ready to use, stable samples, covering common and rare calculi constituents. Qualitative and Quantitative analysis. Suitable for spectroscopy and wet chemistry methods.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Serum ACE	10 – 110 IU/L

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Oxalate	0.1 – 1.8 mmol/L
Citrate	0.1 – 8.5 mmol/L

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Urine hCG	0 – 100 000 IU/L
Serum hCG	5 – 120 000 IU/L

* Not Accredited

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Quantitative FIT	2 – 480 µg Hb/g matrix

For quantitative tests - Programme assesses both laboratory and method performance, including, sensitivity, bias, within batch imprecision.

Quantitative Faecal Hb

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 3

Material: Organic material spiked with human whole blood

Key features: Material closely mirrors the basic constituents of human faeces. FIT samples are pre loaded into buffered collection tubes specific to each instrument. Covers the pathological and analytical range for quantitative FIT automated analysers. Samples challenging clinically relevant cut-offs for symptomatic testing pathways.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Amphetamine	0 – 3000 µg/L
Amphetamines Group Screen	Qualitative n/a
Benzodiazepines	0 – 1000 µg/L
Barbiturates	0 – 1000 µg/L
Buprenorphine	0 – 30 µg/L
Cocaine	0 – 1000 µg/L
Cannabis	0 – 400 µg/L
EDDP	0 – 1000 µg/L
Heroin	0 – 30 µg/L
Ketamine	0 – 3000 µg/L
MDMA	0 – 3000 µg/L
Methadone	0 – 1000 µg/L
Methamphetamine (mAMP)	0 – 3000 µg/L
Opiates (Morphine)	0 – 1000 µg/L
Phencyclidine (PCP)	0 – 75 µg/L
Tricyclic antidepressants (TCA)	0 – 3000 µg/L

Urine Drugs of Abuse

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 3 (3.0 mL)

Material: Fresh filtered human urine with 1° and 2° metabolites added

Key feature: Samples includes different panels of drug / metabolites. Linear samples cover analytical and clinically relevant ranges including at or near lower limit of detection for qualitative methods. Suitable for qualitative and quantitative results. Traceable, “gravimetric” concentration of metabolite and 1° drug. Programme assesses both laboratory and method performance, including, linearity (recovery to gravimetric), specificity, bias, within and between batch imprecision.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
sFlt-1	60 – 10,000 pg/mL
PIGF	<12 – 900 pg/mL
sFlt-1/PIGF Ratio	0 – 700
Pre-Eclampsia Risk	Qualitative Interpretation

Pre-Eclampsia

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 3 (0.5 mL)

Material: Human EDTA plasma

Key features: Samples cover analytical and clinical range for sFlt-1 & PIGF. Post - analytical interpretation of pre-eclampsia risk outcome also assessed. Samples suitable for Lab and POCT instruments. Endogenous samples from patients along with a panel of linearly related samples produced from donations from healthy volunteers spiked with PIGF and sFlt-1. The linearly related samples are distributed on a number of occasions over the year to assess both laboratory and method performance, including linearity, bias, within and between batch imprecision.

Therapeutic Drug Monitoring (TDM)

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 3 (1.0 mL)

Material: Off the clot human serum

Key features: Linear panel with known traceable “gravimetric, weighed in” concentration of drug. Programme assesses both laboratory and method performance, including, sensitivity, specificity, linearity (recovery to gravimetric), bias, within and between batch imprecision.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Amikacin	0 – 25 mg/L
Carbamazapine	0 – 12 mg/L
Digoxin	0 – 3 µg/L
Gentamicin	0 – 5 mg/L
Lamotrigine	0 – 24 mg/L
Lithium	0 – 2.0 mmol/L
Methotrexate	0 – 1.0 µmol/L
Phenobarbital	0 – 40 mg/L
Phenytoin	0 – 25 mg/L
Teicoplanin	0 – 60 mg/L
Theophylline	0 – 20 mg/L
Tobramycin	0 – 10 mg/L
Valproic acid	0 – 125 mg/L
Vancomycin	0 – 30 mg/L
Whole Blood Immunosuppressants	
- Ciclosporin	0 – 600 µg/L
- Sirolimus	0 – 20 µg/L
- Tacrolimus	0 – 15 µg/L

Procalcitonin

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 3 (0.5 mL)

Material: Off the clot human serum

Key features: Samples provided to cover range of Procalcitonin concentrations seen in both LRTI and systemic bacterial infection or severe sepsis. Samples suitable for Lab and POCT instruments. Endogenous samples along with a panel of linearly related samples produced from donations from healthy volunteers spiked with procalcitonin. The linearly related samples are distributed on a number of occasions over the year to assess both laboratory and method performance, including linearity, bias, within and between batch imprecision.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Procalcitonin	0 – 100 ng/mL

pH Meter

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 3 (10.0 mL)

Material: Buffered aqueous solutions

Key features: Samples are supplied ready to use; no pre-analytical preparation required. Suitable for assessing pH Meter performance across a number of laboratory applications e.g. clinical applications in urine / fluids and for general laboratory applications for buffers and reagents. Programme assesses both laboratory and meter performance, including, linearity, bias, within and between batch imprecision.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
pH	2.0 – 12.0



Glucose & Ketones

Frequency: Monthly, Bimonthly or Quarterly

Samples: 1 (0.5 mL)

Material: Red dyed serum or plasma

Key features: Ready to use liquid samples in sterile dropper vials containing both glucose and ketones. Suitable for all glucose Meters. Sites or individual users can be assessed. POCT Co-ordinator summary reports. Simple traffic light reports for end users.

Urinalysis

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 1 (5.0 mL)

Material: Fresh filtered human urine

Key features: Material is commutable with all Urinalysis strips and meters. Both quantitative, semiquantitative and qualitative results accommodated. Qualitative drop down fields on website customised for each instrument / strip. Separate sub-programme for quantitative microalbumin, and Albumin/ creatinine ratio.

Pregnancy Testing

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 3 (1.0 mL)

Material: Filtered urine from pregnant and non-pregnant volunteers, off the clot human serum

Key features: Suitable for manual or automated lateral flow methods. Increased volume dispensed into wide neck tubes available for those using lateral flow dip stick assays. Participants can submit both quantitative and qualitative results. Challenging samples at or near lower limits of detection/Ag excess to assess sensitivity and Hook effect. Programme assess both laboratory and method performance, including, sensitivity, interferences, bias, within and between batch imprecision.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Glucose	2.0 – 30 mmol/L
Ketones	0.6 – 6 mmol/L

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Glucose	0 – 60 mmol/L
Ketones	0 – 20 mmol/L
Protein	0 – 5 g/L
Haemoglobin (Blood)	0 – 7500 µg/L
Specific Gravity	1.005 – 1.020
pH	6 – 8
Bilirubin	0 – 50 µmol/L
Urobilinogen	0 – 200 µmol/L
Leucocytes	0 – 500 µl esterase/L
Nitrites	0 – 40 µmol/L
Albumin/Creatinine	0.8 – 78 mg/mmol
Urine Albumin (Microalbumin)	0 – 200 mg/L
Creatinine	1 – 22 mmol/L

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Urine hCG	0 – 100 000 IU/L
Serum hCG	5 – 120 000 IU/L

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered	
Total bilirubin	30 – 350	µmol/L
Conjugated bilirubin	10 – 100	µmol/L

Bilirubin

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 4 (1.0 mL)

Material: Off the clot human serum

Key features: Liquid human serum samples. Panel of samples covering the pathological range for both conjugated and total bilirubin in neonates and adults. Samples assess both laboratory and method performance, including linearity, bias, within and between batch imprecision. Suitable for Laboratory analysers, Blood Gas analysers and POCT devices.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered	
pH	7.0 – 7.7	
H ⁺	20 – 100	nmol/L
pCO ₂	2 – 10	kPa
pO ₂	4 – 25	kPa
Actual Bicarbonate (aHCO ₃)	20 – 30	mmol/L
TCO ₂	15 – 35	mmol/L
Na ⁺	115 – 160	mmol/L
K ⁺	2 – 6	mmol/L
Cl	76 – 123	mmol/L
Magnesium	0.4 – 1.6	mmol/L
iCa ⁺⁺	0.2 – 1.8	mmol/L
Glucose	1.9 – 23.0	mmol/L
Lactate	0.3 – 6.5	mmol/L
Urea	2.8 – 25.0	mmol/L
Creatinine	30 – 560	µmol/L
Haematocrit (iStat only)	0 – 70	%PCV
Lithium	0.35 – 1.35	mmol/L
SBC (sHCO ₃)	20 – 30	mmol/L
BE	-5 to +5	
sO ₂	90 – 100	%

Blood Gas

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 3 (2.5 mL)

Material: Tonometered protein buffered aqueous solution and whole blood

Key features: Aqueous material minimises the risk of pre-analytical error sampling due to its protein foam layer. Wide clinical range covered over the course of the year. iCa⁺⁺ concentration is suitable for the evaluation of instruments used in the monitoring of patients on citrate anticoagulation for Continuous Renal Replacement Therapy (CRRT). Programme assesses both laboratory and method performance, including bias, within and between batch imprecision. Once a year, tonometered whole blood is distributed. This material has identical oxygen saturation characteristics to fresh whole blood and is used to provide an assessment of accuracy for pO₂ (especially at low pO₂) and in the evaluation of derived parameters (SBC, BE and Oxygen Saturation). The hemoglobin buffering in this material provides a 10-minute open ampule stability. Both materials are suitable for use for the majority of POCT and Laboratory analysers.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered	
Total Haemoglobin	100 – 190	g/L
Carboxyhaemoglobin	1 – 32	%
Methaemoglobin	2 – 35	%
Oxyhaemoglobin	35 – 95	%

Co-oximetry

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 3 (2.0 mL)

Material: Bovine haemolysate solution

Key features: Packaged in an easy to use dual-chambered vial that separates the oxyhemoglobin from methemoglobin to enhance stability. Material contains the 4 major haemoglobin derivatives and unlike dyes has equivalent spectral properties and sensitivity to whole blood. Compatible with all major Co-oximeters. Panel covers clinically relevant ranges. Programme assesses both laboratory and method performance, including bias, within and between batch imprecision.

INR

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 1 (0.3 mL)

Material: Liquid stable biological samples suitable for use on a wide range of devices

Key features: Samples are supplied ready to use, no pre-analytical preparation is required.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
INR	1 – 4.5 Units

Fetal Fibronectin

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 2 (0.6 mL)

Material: Synthetic Amniotic Fluid containing purified fFN

Key features: Liquid stable samples are supplied ready to use; no pre-analytical preparation is required. Qualitative and Quantitative reporting available, with interpretations based on cut-offs of 50 and 200 ng/mL (EQUiPP study 2014). Linear related panel distributed covering the clinically relevant range. Programme assesses both site and device performance, including bias, within and between batch imprecision and linearity.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Quantitative fFN	0 – 400 ng/ml
Qualitative fFN	Negative / Positive

phIGFBP-1

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 2 (1.0 mL)

Material: Synthetic Amniotic Fluid containing semi-purified IGFBP-1

Key features: Liquid stable samples are supplied ready to use; no pre-analytical preparation is required. Linear related panel distributed covering the clinically relevant range. Programme assesses both site and device performance, including bias, within and between batch imprecision and linearity.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
phIGFBP-1	Negative / Positive

POCT PROM

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 2 (1.0 mL)

Material: Synthetic Amniotic fluid containing semi-purified IGFBP-1

Key features: Liquid stable samples are supplied ready to use; no pre-analytical preparation is required. Linear related panel distributed covering the clinically relevant range. Programme assesses both site and device performance, including bias, within and between batch imprecision and linearity.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
IGFBP-1	Negative / Positive

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Cholesterol	3.0 – 8.0 mmol/L
Triglycerides	0.8 – 2.5 mmol/L
HDL	0.6 – 3.0 mmol/L
Glucose	5 – 20 mmol/L

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Haemoglobin	38 – 200 g/L

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
* HbA1c	32 – 85 mmol/mol Hb

* IFCC and NGSP values assigned by the European Reference Laboratory for Glycohaemoglobin.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
CRP	0 – 150 mg/L

POCT Lipids (Healthcheck)

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 1 (0.5 mL)

Material: Off the clot human serum & Whole Blood

Key features: Patient samples covering normal and pathological ranges. Human serum samples require no preparation, reducing risk of pre-analytical errors. Additional assessment of accuracy using whole blood samples.

Haemoglobin

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 2 (1.0 mL)

Material: Purified bovine haemolysate

Key features: Ready to use samples in dropper bottles, no need for reconstitution.

HbA1c

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 2 (0.2 mL)

Material: Fresh EDTA whole blood

Key features: Fresh EDTA whole blood from individual diabetic patients and healthy volunteers are distributed monthly / bimonthly. These samples reflect the wide range of HbA1c seen in the screening, diagnosis and monitoring of Diabetes. Challenging samples from patients with known Hb variants are also distributed to assess current practice. Programme assesses both laboratory and method performance, including bias, within and between batch imprecision. Trueness is assessed using the IFCC secondary reference methods with Sigma metric scoring based on clinically relevant Milan Model 1 performance specification. Additional samples are distributed annually as part of the European HbA1c Trial to assess the performance across all countries and all manufacturers. The full report is provided as part of the programme.

POCT CRP

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 2 (0.5 mL)

Material: Off the clot human serum

Key features: Commutable, endogenous samples. Samples targeted at appropriate concentrations for antibiotic stewardship, covering a concentration range of 10 – 150 mg/L. Programme assesses both site and method performance, including bias, within and between batch imprecision and linearity.

HIV

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 3 (0.5 mL)

Material: Off the clot human serum

Key features: Samples are prepared with a non-infective source of recombinant HIV markers (p24 Ag, HIV-1 Ab and HIV-2 Ab) to mimic different clinical presentations. Developed for 4th generation assays, the users ability to identify both Abs and Ag are assessed.

Urine Drugs of Abuse

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 3 (3.0 mL)

Material: Fresh filtered human urine with 1° and 2° metabolites added

Key feature: Samples includes different panels of drug / metabolites. Linear samples cover analytical and clinically relevant ranges including at or near lower limit of detection for qualitative methods. Suitable for qualitative and quantitative results. Traceable, “gravimetric” concentration of metabolite and 1° drug. Programme assesses both laboratory and method performance, including, linearity (recovery to gravimetric), specificity, bias, within and between batch imprecision.

POCT Respiratory Virus*

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 2 (1.0 mL)

Material: Buffered material spiked with inactivated virus

Key features: Liquid stable samples are supplied ready to use; no pre-analytical preparation is required. Qualitative reporting for SARS-CoV-2 Ag (RNA), Influenza A, Influenza B and RSV available.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
p24 Antigen	Negative / Positive
HIV-1 Antibody	Negative / Positive
HIV-2 Antibody	Negative / Positive

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Amphetamine	0 – 3000 µg/L
Amphetamines Group Screen	Qualitative n/a
Benzodiazepines	0 – 1000 µg/L
Barbiturates	0 – 1000 µg/L
Buprenorphine	0 – 30 µg/L
Cocaine	0 – 1000 µg/L
Cannabis	0 – 400 µg/L
EDDP	0 – 1000 µg/L
Heroin	0 – 30 µg/L
Ketamine	0 – 3000 µg/L
MDMA	0 – 3000 µg/L
Methadone	0 – 1000 µg/L
Methamphetamine (mAMP)	0 – 3000 µg/L
Opiates (Morphine)	0 – 1000 µg/L
Phencyclidine (PCP)	0 – 75 µg/L
Tricyclic antidepressants (TCA)	0 – 3000 µg/L

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
SARS-CoV-2 Ag (RNA)	Negative / Positive
Influenza A	Negative / Positive
Influenza B	Negative / Positive
RSV	Negative / Positive

* Not Accredited

ROTEM / TEM

Test	Analyte
Extem	CT (Secs), A5 (mm), A10 (mm), ML (%)
Fibtem	CT (Secs), A5 (mm), A10 (mm), ML (%)
Heptem	CT (Secs), A10 (mm)
Intem	CT (Secs)

TEG

Test	Analyte
CFF	A10, MA (mm)
CK	R (mins), K (mins), MA (mm)
CKH	R (mins), K (mins), MA (mm)
CRT	MA (mm), LY-30

Viscoelastic Haemostasis*

Frequency: Quarterly

Samples per set: 2 (3.0 mL)

Material: Lyophilised human plasma which may be enriched with unfractionated Heparin

Methods: Rotational Thromboelastometry (ROTEM) / Thromboelastometry (TEM) / Thromboelastography (TEG)

Key features: Working in collaboration with ECAT. Covers the analytes Extem, Intem, Fibtem, Heptem and Aptem.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Creatinine	50 – 700 µmol/L
e-GFR	<15 – >90 mls/min/1.73m ²

Creatinine

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 3 (0.5 mL)

Material: Lysed whole blood

Key features: Commutable material for whole blood POCT devices. No pre-analytical preparation is required.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
D-Dimer	100 – 4000 µg/L FEU
Qualitative D-Dimer	Negative / Positive

D-Dimer

Frequency: Bimonthly

Samples: 3 (1.0 mL)

Material: Endogenous human samples

Key features: Samples are supplied ready to use, no pre-analytical preparation is required. Quantitative and qualitative reporting available. Programme assesses both laboratory and method performance, including bias, within and between batch imprecision and linearity.

Analyte	Approx. Range Covered
Troponin T	<10 – 380 ng/L
Troponin I	<10 – 1375 ng/L
CK-MB (activity)	0 – 180 IU/L
CK-MB (mass)	0 – 60 µg/L
Myoglobin	14 – 500 µg/L

POCT Cardiac

Frequency: Monthly

Samples: 3 (0.5 mL)

Material: EDTA Plasma

Key features: EDTA plasma samples require no pre-analytical preparation. Linearly related panel covering a clinically relevant range.

* Not Accredited

Additional Services

Weqas has a wealth of experience in providing quality assurance services for Point of Care users and understands that not all our clients' needs are the same. We therefore offer different levels of service to cater for the unique needs of our clients in Point of Care settings.

Our Fully Managed Service is designed for sites that do not have the support of a local laboratory Point of Care Department for performance oversight. Weqas will perform the tasks that are generally the remit of a Point of Care co-ordinator e.g. Registration of instruments and maintenance of the database on Weqas platforms, result entry, report issue and interpretation, poor performance management. We also offer a 'Data Entry only' service.

A dedicated helpline service provides clients with direct access to experienced personnel who can offer advice on method performance, interpretation and troubleshooting.

Features



- ✓ Access to Weqas Web Portals
- ✓ Access to EQA Helpdesk (Mon to Fri, 09:00 to 17:00)
- ✓ EQA instrument registration maintained by Weqas staff
- ✓ Results entered by Weqas staff



- ✓ Samples individually packaged & shipped directly to each site (Shipping option 1)
OR
- ✓ Samples shipped in bulk in a single package to POCT Lead for re-packaging and distribution (Shipping option 2)



- ✓ Individual reports sent to each location
- ✓ Performance reviewed by Weqas
- ✓ Overall summary report sent to POCT Lead with poor performance sites identified
- ✓ Non-returns report sent to POCT Lead
- ✓ Primary care governance leads notified of non-compliance and poor performance issues
- ✓ Repeat samples automatically dispatched free of charge to poor performing sites
- ✓ Repeat performance reviewed by Weqas and Primary care governance lead / POCT Lead sent an outcome report for poor performance sites
- ✓ Troubleshooting advice provided for poor performance

For a full list of analytes and programmes please see the "Quick Guide" on page 38-45.





Education

Weqas has a wealth of experience in delivering training sessions tailored to suit the individual requirements of the customer. Weqas provides web-based e-learning, telephone or face-to-face training. A helpline service is also provided where participants can contact Weqas for advice on their method performance and interpretation of their EQA data. This troubleshooting and educational activity is an important part of the service.

Annual Conference

A two day meeting in the form of scientific seminars, management seminars and EQA workshops are organised annually with additional ad hoc workshops. The annual meetings include current hot topics within Laboratory Medicine and provide participants the opportunity to exchange views, to engage with organisers and to discuss problems and strategies. Meetings are approved for CPD by both the IBMS and RCPATH. The EQA workshops cover statistical analysis, interpretation of EQA and problem solving through interactive case studies.

EQA Workshops

Throughout the year Weqas also host small group EQA Workshops on both Laboratory and POCT programmes. These are aimed at delivering face-to-face training sessions where participants can gain a better understanding of report interpretation and are an excellent opportunity to troubleshoot and discuss any issues.

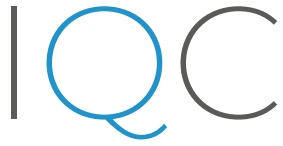
POCT Training

A number of ad hoc POCT Training days are held throughout the year. The sessions provide essential tools for both POCT Co-ordinators and users to support a quality and safe service. Weqas' POCT training packages ensure that users have the correct knowledge, skills and competence in the delivery of POCT. Weqas will work with users and POCT co-ordinators to tailor the training to their needs. These are organised on request and can be delivered at the client's venue.

For more information on workshops or tailored training sessions please visit our website www.weqas.com or email contact@weqas.com.







Tailored service

Our third party controls provide accurate, independent, unbiased, quality tools for use as part of your quality assurance process. CE marked Internal Quality Control (IQC) and Quality Control Reference Material (QCRM) can be assayed daily to provide confidence in your analytical testing. Our products are clinically relevant, value-added QC, expertly designed by a team of Clinical and Biomedical Scientists with over 20 years experience in manufacturing. Weqas also has the capability to produce bespoke IQC products tailored to your specific requirements.

Examples of PoCT IQC

- Lipid Control Norm is an assayed quality control material which includes Cholesterol, HDL Cholesterol, Triglyceride and Glucose for use in Healthcheck programmes for monitoring the performance of POCT analysers. The material has been assayed using both laboratory and a range of POCT methods.
- Urine hCG Controls for POCT Pregnancy Testing are available as a negative and positive control. Samples are also available near the limit of detection of the methods to aid your competency testing programme.
- POCT Glucose & Ketone Controls are available as liquid stable material at 6 concentrations to cover the analytical range.

Examples of Laboratory IQC

- Cardiac Marker IQC is a liquid IQC with Troponin values at or near 99th centile “diagnostic cut point”.
- A number of Quality Control Reference Materials (QCRM) are available which provide traceability to a higher order method.
- Chemistry QCRM linearity panel are available as a range of up to 8 samples and are suitable for ISO 15189 method verification. These can be customised to your requirements. An example is provided on page 33.
- Bile Acid QCRM is available with ID-GCMS target values and uncertainty of measurement for the individual Bile Acids.
- Endocrine QCRM is provided with ID-LC-MS/MS Reference values and uncertainty of measurement for a number of steroids.
- Ethylene Glycol Linearity Control - available at 5 linearly related concentrations.
- Positive and negative controls for guaiac based Faecal Occult Blood tests (FOB).

Testosterone / Cortisol Calibrators

The use of Tandem Mass Spectrometry has increased significantly for steroid analysis and is now a routine procedure in some laboratories. Testosterone and Cortisol Tandem MS standards are used as an assayed quality control material for verification of “in house” prepared calibrators to assist laboratories with ISO 15189 compliance. Weqas’ standards are prepared and value assigned by the Weqas Reference Measurement Laboratory using traceable material of the highest metrological order. Further information on this material is provided on page 32-33.



WNeQas



Electrolyte Quality Control Reference Material

Volume: 3.5 mL

Material: Sterile liquid human serum, with an antibiotic added to prolong stability, available at a range of concentrations. Analyte values for Sodium, Potassium, Magnesium, Calcium and Lithium are obtained using a validated FAES / FAAS method traceable to SI units via the use of primary reference material. The assigned values for Chloride are obtained from the ISE method mean values derived from a minimum of 2 distributions of EQA material to all participants of the Serum Chemistry programme.

Storage: Stable until the expiration date on the vial label when stored unopened at -20°C. The material must be used immediately following thawing and must not be subjected to freeze thaw cycles.

Examples of the concentration of measurands available

Measurand	Target value mmol/L				Method
	Level 2	Level 4	Level 6	Level 8	
Sodium mmol/L	111.6	124.0	137.4	151.1	FAES Reference method
Potassium mmol/L	2.65	4.19	5.81	7.52	
Magnesium mmol/L	0.62	0.97	1.33	1.69	FAAS Reference Method
Calcium mmol/L	1.62	2.07	2.51	2.92	
Lithium mmol/L	0.25	0.74	1.23	1.74	
Chloride mmol/L	81.3	92.1	103.1	114.2	ISE

Testosterone Quality Control Reference Material

Volume: 1.8 mL

Examples of the concentration of measurands available

Material: Sterile liquid human serum, with an antibiotic added to prolong stability, available at a range of concentrations. The assigned ID-LC-MS/MS target values are provided as a confirmation of accuracy. The Testosterone target values are traceable to SI units via the use of a primary standard and primary reference material.

Storage: Stable until the expiration date on the vial label when stored unopened at -20°C. The material must be used immediately following thawing and must not be subjected to freeze thaw cycles.

Level	ID-LC-MS/MS Target Value (nmol/L)	Expanded Uncertainty
1	4.49	0.14
2	9.68	0.31
3	15.11	0.48
4	28.93	0.92

Testosterone Calibrators

Volume: 1.0 mL

Examples of the concentration of measurands available

Material: Sterile liquid, charcoal stripped, human serum. The Testosterone target values are traceable to a gravimetrically added certified reference standard. Calibrator values are assigned using a validated ID-LC-MS/MS reference method. Suitable for the calibration of Tandem Mass Spectrometer testosterone methods.

Storage: Stable until the expiration date on the vial label when stored unopened at -20°C. The material must be used immediately following thawing and must not be subjected to freeze thaw cycles.

Level	ID-LC-MS/MS Target Value (nmol/L)	Expanded Uncertainty
0	0	-
1	0.50	-
2	1.76	0.06
3	3.05	0.10
4	7.97	0.25
5	15.13	0.48
6	25.0	0.79
7	40.11	1.27

Chemistry Quality Control Reference Material

Volume: 3.5 mL

Material: Sterile liquid human serum, with an antibiotic added to prolong stability, available at a range of concentrations. Analyte values for Sodium, Potassium, Calcium, Magnesium and Lithium are obtained using a validated FAES / FAAS reference method and traceable to SI units via the use of primary reference material. Values for Creatinine, Uric Acid and Glucose are assigned using a validated ID-GCMS reference method. The assigned values for Chloride are obtained from the ISE method mean values derived from a minimum of 2 distributions of EQA material to all participants of the Serum Chemistry Programme.

Storage: Stable until the expiration date on the vial label when stored unopened at -20°C. The material must be used immediately following thawing and must not be subjected to freeze thaw cycles (use immediately).

Examples of the concentration of measurands available

Measurand	Target value mmol/L				Method
	Level 2	Level 4	Level 6	Level 8	
Sodium mmol/L	111.6	124.0	137.4	151.1	FAES Reference method
Potassium mmol/L	2.65	4.19	5.81	7.52	
Chloride mmol/L	81.3	92.1	103.1	114.2	ISE
Calcium mmol/L	1.65	2.01	2.37	2.73	FAAS Reference method
Magnesium mmol/L	0.66	1.01	1.36	1.72	
Lithium mmol/L	0.25	0.77	1.28	1.80	
Creatinine µmol/L	108	247	378	513	ID-GCMS
Uric Acid µmol/L	260	371	482	593	
Glucose mmol/L	4.6	10.1	15.6	21.2	

Cortisol Quality Control Reference Material

Volume: 1.8 mL

Material: Sterile liquid human serum, with an antibiotic added to prolong stability, available at various concentrations. The assigned ID-LC-MS/MS target values are provided as a confirmation of accuracy.

Storage: Stable until the expiration date on the vial label when stored unopened at -20°C. The material must be used immediately following thawing and must not be subjected to freeze thaw cycles.

Examples of the concentration of measurands available

Level	ID-LC-MS/MS Target Value (nmol/L)	Expanded Uncertainty
1	227.75	9.3
2	334.54	13.7
3	566.44	23.1
4	1065.45	43.5

Cortisol Calibrators

Volume: 1.0 mL

Material: Sterile liquid, charcoal stripped, human serum. The Cortisol target values are traceable to a gravimetrically added certified reference standard. Calibrator values are assigned using validated ID-LC-MS/MS reference method. Suitable for the calibration of Tandem Mass Spectrometer cortisol methods.

Storage: Stable until the expiration date on the vial label when stored unopened at -20°C. The material must be used immediately following thawing and must not be subjected to freeze thaw cycles.

Examples of the concentration of measurands available

Level	ID-LC-MS/MS Target Value (nmol/L)	Expanded Uncertainty
0	0	-
1	25.49	1.04
2	52.03	2.13
3	93.73	3.83
4	257.37	10.51
5	509.00	20.79
6	940.25	38.41
7	1466.93	59.93
8	2012.89	82.23

IQC & EQA

POCT Hybrid Programmes

What are our Hybrid Programmes?

This is a concept where IQC and EQA are combined in one programme.

Our Hybrid services include:

The provision of CE-marked IQC material

- Sites are sent IQC samples sufficient for 1 month
- Acceptance values predetermined, appropriate for instrument and clinical utility of test
- Materials are delivered to POCT locations, or to other agreed distribution points
- Liquid, stable materials

Site enters IQC results into a 3rd party cloud-based system

- Instant feedback provided on pass / fail status
- Complete audit trail of QC activity

EQA is incorporated without the need for additional samples or data entry

- IQC data is extracted at defined intervals and assessed
- Weqas generate EQA reports which are emailed to the user / organiser

Available Programmes

This combined service is currently available for the following programmes:

- Hybrid Lipid
- Hybrid HbA1c

Further information can be found on www.weqas.com.





Reference Measurement Service



The Weqas Reference Measurement Laboratory is accredited to the recognised International Standard – General requirements for competence of Calibration and Testing Laboratories (ISO/IEC 17025) and in accordance with Laboratory medicine – Requirements for the competence of calibration laboratories using reference measurement procedures (ISO/IEC 15195).

The Reference Measurement Laboratory offers a range of reference measurement procedures utilising “gold standard” technology, using traceable material of the highest metrological order, with gravimetric preparation of all samples and calibrators. All uncertainty calculations are made according to the Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM).

The laboratory is listed as a Joint Committee on Traceability in Laboratory Medicine (JCTLM) reference measurement provider and regularly participates in the JCTLM RELA surveys for Reference Laboratories. The Head of the Reference Measurement Laboratory, is a member of the JCTLM Reference Measurement Method review teams for metabolites and non-peptide hormones and is the team leader for electrolytes and blood gases.

Traceable reference measurement services underpin the global effort in the harmonisation of laboratory results. This ensures that patients receive the correct diagnosis and treatment independent of the country or hospital they are in. The services are available to all relevant healthcare professionals, including National Metrological Institutes, IVD Manufacturers and EQA organisers.

Analytical Technique	Analyte	Approx. Range Covered	Matrix
Isotope Dilution Gas Chromatography Mass Spectrometry (ID-GCMS)	Steroids		
	- Progesterone*	1 – 100 nmol/L	Serum
	- Testosterone	1 – 35 nmol/L	Serum
	- Cortisol	100 – 1500 nmol/L	Serum, Urine
	Bile Acids		
	- Cholic Acid*	0.1 – 100 µmol/L	Serum
	- Deoxycholic Acid*	0.1 – 100 µmol/L	Serum
	- Chenodeoxycholic Acid*	0.1 – 100 µmol/L	Serum
	Creatinine	25 – 600 µmol/L	Serum, Urine
	Glucose	1 – 25 mmol/L	Serum
	Uric Acid	0.1 – 1.2 mmol/L	Serum
Cholesterol	1 – 8 mmol/L	Serum	
Triglycerides	0.6 – 8 mmol/L	Serum	
Isotope Dilution Liquid Chromatography Mass Spectrometry (ID-LC-MS/MS)	Testosterone	1 – 35 nmol/L	Serum
	Cortisol	100 – 1500 nmol/L	Serum, Urine
Flame Atomic Absorption / Emission Spectrometry	Sodium	105 – 160 mmol/L	Serum
	Potassium	1.8 – 7.5 mmol/L	Serum
	Calcium	1.6 – 4 mmol/L	Serum
	Magnesium	0.4 – 2 mmol/L	Serum
	Lithium	0.2 – 2 mmol/L	Serum
UV / Vis spectrometry (IFCC 37°C methods)	Lactate Dehydrogenase	100 – 500 IU	Calibration materials, control specimens and serum
	Gamma Glutamyl Transferase	20 – 400 IU	
	Aspartate Transaminase	5 – 600 IU	
	Alanine Transaminase	5 – 300 IU	

* Not Accredited

Traceability: Certified Reference Material

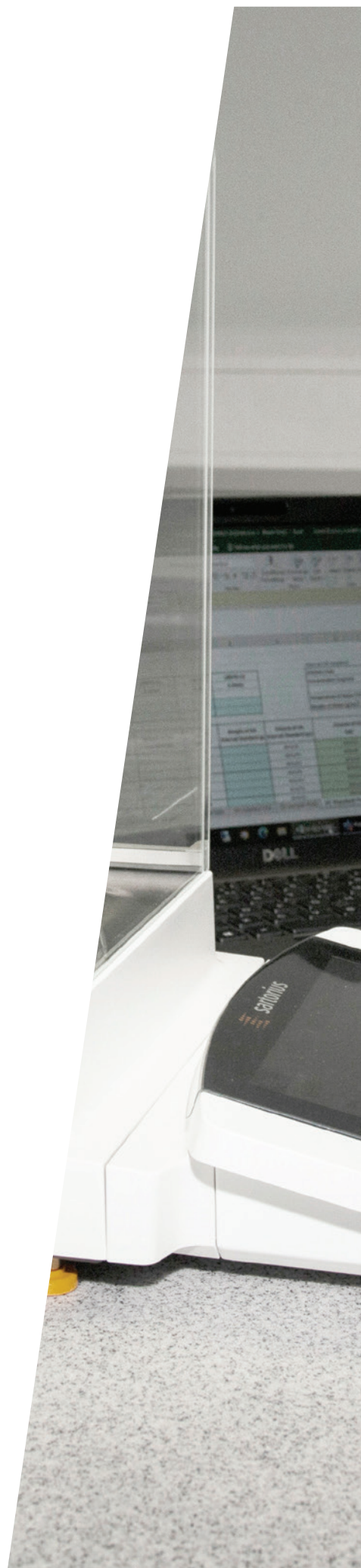
- Traceable material of the highest metrological order is used for all method calibration where available.
- Suitable matrix matched traceable control material of a higher order is used in all methods, where available, as a confirmation of the traceability and accuracy of each method.

All reference methods are recognised as primary or secondary reference measurement procedures. Where available, methods listed as JCTLM approved reference methods are used. Exact matching isotope dilution used for all Mass Spectrometry methods provides the most accurate method for generating sample results. All samples and calibrators are prepared gravimetrically using traceable weighing equipment as appropriate. Dilution of samples for atomic absorption/emission methods utilises automated equipment, increasing the accuracy of sample preparation. The performance criteria used for all methods conform to currently accepted international criteria for Reference Measurement Procedures.

Quick Guide

Our Quick Guide section has been designed to give an 'At A Glance' view of our EQA programmes and the analytes that are covered. The tables on pages 40-44 list all of the analytes covered along the top, the programme they are included in is indicated by a circle in the relevant row.

We have also included an Index on page 45 to help you to quickly navigate to the desired programme. Further information about our programmes and sample dispatch dates can be found on our website: www.weqas.com.





Programmes

Analytes

		Adjusted Calcium	Alanine aminotransferase (ALT)	Albumin	Albumin (Urine)	Albumin / Creatinine Ratio	Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)	Amikacin	Ammonia	Amphetamine •	Amylase (Total)	Apolipoprotein A1	Apolipoprotein B	Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST)	Vitamin B12	Barbiturates •	BE	Benzodiazepines •	Bicarbonate (Actual) (aHCO3)	Bicarbonate	Bile Acids (Total)	Bilirubin (Conjugated)	Bilirubin (Total)	Bilirubin (Urine)	Buprenorphine •	Calcium (Total)	Calculated Globulins	Cannabis •	Carbamazepine	Carboxyhaemoglobin
Ammonia	L							•																						
Bile Acids	L																				•									
Bilirubin	L P																					•	•							
Blood Gas	L P															•		•												
Co-oximetry	L P																													•
Creatinine	P																													
CRP	L P																													
D-Dimer	P																													
ED Toxicology	L																													
Endocrine	L																													
Fetal Fibronectin	P																													
Glucose & Ketones	P																													
Haematinics	L													•																
Haemoglobin	P																													
HbA1c	L P																													
HIL Serum Indices	L																													
HIV	P																													
Homocysteine	L																													
hsTroponin	L																													
INR	P																													
Lipids	L											•	•																	
NT-Pro BNP	L																													
pH Meter	L																													
phIGFBP-1	P																													
POCT Cardiac	P																													
POCT Lipids (Healthcheck)	P																													
POCT PROM	L																													
Porphyrin	P																													
Pre-Eclampsia	L																													
Procalcitonin	L																													
Quantitative Faecal Hb	L																													
Renal Calculi	L																													
Respiratory Virus	P																													
Serum ACE	L																													
Serum Chemistry	L	•	•	•			•				•			•							•					•	•			
Serum hCG	L																													
Therapeutic Drug Monitoring	L							•																						•
Urinalysis	P			•	•																				•					
Urine Chemistry	L			•	•						•															•				
Urine Drugs of Abuse	L P								•						•		•								•			•		
Urine Oxalate & Citrate	L																													
Urine Pregnancy	P																													
Viscoelastic Haemostasis	P																													

• Qualitative and Quantitative tests available. L = Laboratory EQA P = POCT EQA

Chloride (Cl)	•
Cholesterol (Total)	
Cholic Acid	•
Ciclosporin	
Citrate	
CK-MB (Mass)	•
CK-MB (Activity)	•
Cocaine •	
Cortisol	•
Creatine Kinase (CK)	
Creatinine	•
CRP	•
D-Dimer	•
Deoxycholic Acid	•
DHEA-S	•
Digoxin	
e-GFR	•
EDDP	
Ethanol (Serum)	•
Ethanol (Whole Blood)	•
FAI	•
Ferritin	•
Fetal Fibronectin •	•
Folate	•
FIT	•
Free Testosterone	•
Free T3	•
Free T4	•
FSH	•
Gamma Glutamyl Transferase	•
Gentamicin	
Glucose	•
H+	•
Haematocrit	•
Haemoglobin (Total)	•
Haemoglobin (Urine)	
HbA1c	•
hCG (Serum) •	•
hCG (Urine) •	•

Programmes

Analytes

		HDL Cholesterol	Heroin •	HIL Serum Indices	HIV	Homocysteine	IGFBP-1	Influenza A	Influenza B	INR	Ionized Calcium (iCa++)	Iron	Ketamine •	Ketones	Lactate	Lactate Dehydrogenase (LDH)	Lamotrigine	LDL Cholesterol	Leucocytes	LH	Lipase	Lipoprotein (a)	Lithium	Magnesium	MDMA	Methadone •	Methaemoglobin	Methamphetamine (mAMP) •	Methotrexate	Myoglobin	
Ammonia	L																														
Bile Acids	L																														
Bilirubin	L P																														
Blood Gas	L P										●				●								●	●							
Co-oximetry	L P																											●			
Creatinine	P																														
CRP	L P																														
D-Dimer	P																														
ED Toxicology	L																														
Endocrine	L																				●										
Fetal Fibronectin	P																														
Glucose & Ketones	P													●																	
Haematinics	L											●																			
Haemoglobin	P																														
HbA1c	L P																														
HIL Serum Indices	L		●																												
HIV	P			●																											
Homocysteine	L				●																										
hsTroponin	L																														
INR	P									●																					
Lipids	L	●																●				●									
NT-proBNP	L																														
pH Meter	L																														
phIGFBP-1	P																														
POCT Cardiac	P																														
POCT Lipids (Healthcheck)	P	●																													
POCT PROM	P					●																									
Porphyrin	L																														
Pre-Eclampsia	L																														
Procalcitonin	L																														
Quantitative Faecal Hb	L																														
Renal Calculi	L																														
Respiratory Virus	P							●	●																						
Serum ACE	L																														
Serum Chemistry	L										●				●							●		●	●						
Serum hCG	L																														
Therapeutic Drug Monitoring	L															●							●							●	
Urinalysis	P													●				●													
Urine Chemistry	L																							●							
Urine Drugs of Abuse	L P	●										●														●	●		●		
Urine Oxalate & Citrate	L																														
Urine Pregnancy	P																														
Viscoelastic Haemostasis	P																														

● Qualitative and Quantitative tests available. L = Laboratory EQA P = POCT EQA

Nitrites	
Non-HDL Cholesterol	
NT-Pro BNP	
Oestradiol	
Opiates (Morphine) •	
Osmolality	
Oxalate	
Oxyhaemoglobin	
Pancreatic Amylase	
Paracetamol	
PBG •	
PBG / Creatinine Ratio	
pCO2	
pH	
Phencyclidine (PCP)	
Phenobarbital	
Phenytoin	
phIGFBP-1	
Phosphate	
PIGF	
Plasma Porphyrin •	
Porphyrin (Faecal)	
Potassium (K+)	
pO2	
Pre-eclampsia Risk	
Procalcitonin	
Progesterone	
Prolactin	
Protein (Serum)	
Protein (Urine)	
Protein / Creatinine Ratio	
Renal Calculi	
RSV	
Salicylate	
SARS-CoV-2 Antigen (RNA)	
SBC (sHCO3)	
Serum ACE	
sFit-1	
sFit-1 / PIGF Ratio	

Programmes	Analytes	SHBG	Sirolimus	sO2	Sodium (Na+)	Specific Gravity	Tacrolimus	TCO2	Teicoplanin	Testosterone	Theophylline	TIBC	Tobramycin	TUP •	TUP / Creatinine Ratio	Total T3	Total T4	Transferrin	Transferrin Saturation	Tricyclic Antidepressants (TCA)	Triglyceride	Troponin I	Troponin T	TSH	UIBC	Urate	Urea	Urobilinogen	Valproic Acid	Vancomycin	Viscoelastic Haemostasis	
		Ammonia	L																													
Bile Acids	L																															
Bilirubin	L P																															
Blood Gas	L P			●	●			●																								●
Co-oximetry	L P																															
Creatinine	P																															
CRP	L P																															
D-Dimer	P																															
ED Toxicology	L																															
Endocrine	L	●								●						●	●							●								
Fetal Fibronectin	P																															
Glucose & Ketones	P																															
Haematinics	L											●							●	●						●						
Haemoglobin	P																															
HbA1c	L P																															
HIL Serum Indices	L																															
HIV	P																															
Homocysteine	L																															
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Serum Chemistry	L												●							●	●						●	●				
Serum hCG	L																															
Therapeutic Drug Monitoring	L	●					●	●	●	●		●																		●	●	
Urinalysis	P																														●	
Urine Chemistry	L																															
Urine Drugs of Abuse	L P																															
Urine Oxalate & Citrate	L																															
Urine Pregnancy	P																															
Viscoelastic Haemostasis	P																															

● Qualitative and Quantitative tests available. L = Laboratory EQA P = POCT EQA

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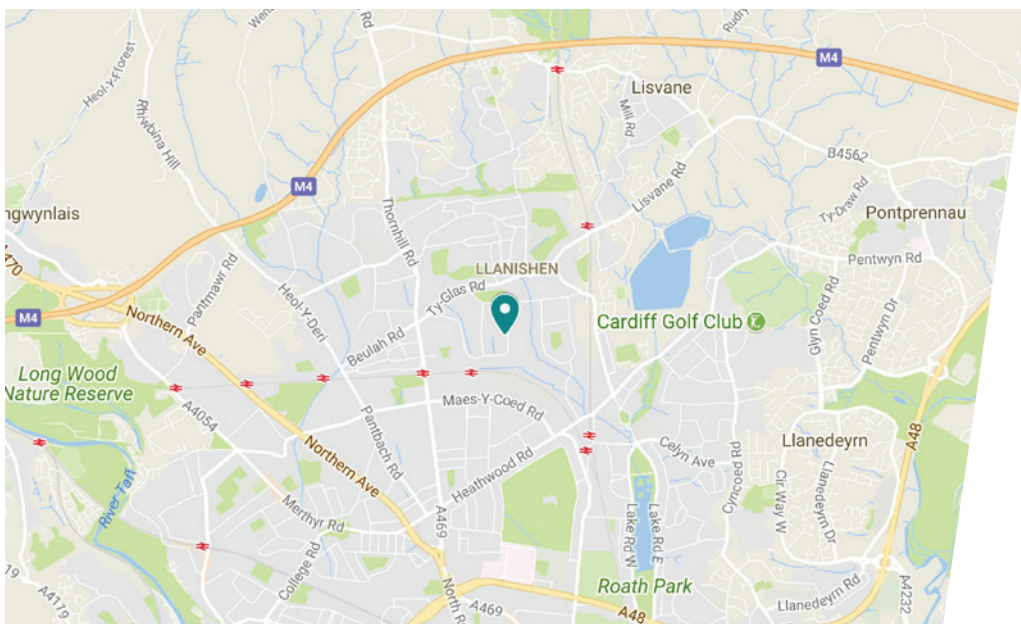
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